



國家人權行動計畫

NATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS ACTION PLAN

2022-2024

Final Implementation Report



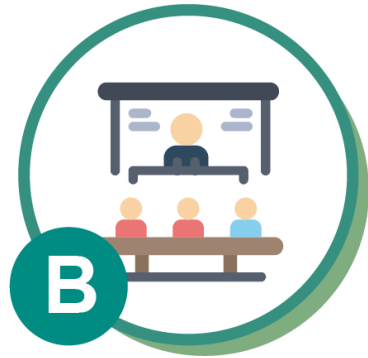
行政院
Executive Yuan

Final Implementation Report

Foreword



Overview of Implementation



Progress and Recommendations



Conclusion



Intermediate
Results

Recommendations
for Future Policy

National Human Rights Action Plan 2022-2024

Eight major issues

1. Human rights protection systems
2. Human rights education
3. Equality & non-discrimination
4. Right to life
5. Housing justice
6. Climate change & human rights
7. Digital human rights
8. Refugee rights



Promulgated on May 5, 2022

Monitoring and Evaluation Framework
Launched in September 2022

Regular progress report
by each competent
authority

Encourage
Broader
Participation

The Executive Yuan convenes
review meetings within 2 months

Review results published
post-meeting

Overview of Implementation

Review rounds

First review round (Jan – Feb 2023)

3 sessions,
323 participants;

15.35% of KPIs met.

Second review round (Jan – Feb 2024)

3 sessions,
280 participants;

41.57% of KPIs met.

Third review round (Oct – Nov 2024)

3 sessions,
231 participants;

83.9% of KPIs met.

141 items under self-tracking, 83 exempted

83.9% of Indicators Achieve Targets

43 indicators require further enhancement and
proposed inclusion in next NAP



Intermediate Results

I. Integrating Human Rights into Policy through Impact Assessments



**Establishing benchmarks
for human rights progress**



**human rights
indicators**



**Enhancing the human rights
obligations of legislation and
projects**



**human rights
impact assessments**



**Advancing human rights
awareness and integrating it
into governance**



**human rights
education monitoring and
evaluation mechanism**

II. Advancing Human Rights Education on Campus

Ministry of Education's
Plan to Promote the
Implementation of
International Human
Rights Conventions
(2025-2028)



Dimension 1

32 strategies for "making the educational environment accord with human rights values"



Dimension 2

21 strategies for "processes and tools for teaching and learning human rights"



Dimension 3

21 strategies for "human rights literacy and professional development for educators"

III. Legal and Policy Reforms for Vulnerable Group Protections



Formulating the Stalking and Harassment Prevention Act and amending the three gender equality acts



Including reasonable accommodations in the Special Education Act



Removing election restrictions on those subject to an order of custodial protection



Strengthening identity rights and health rights for indigenous peoples



IV. Expanding Housing Assistance and Support for Vulnerable Groups

- ▶ **SOCIAL HOUSING-**
direct construction + leasing and management
45.8% of social housing tenants belong to vulnerable groups
- ▶ **NT\$30 billion special program for expanded rent subsidies by the central government**
Provides rent subsidies for unmarried youth, newlyweds, families with young children, and economically and socially disadvantaged groups
745,797 households approved
- ▶ **Housing subsidies approved for development plans in 6 indigenous rural townships among 4 counties and cities**



鄉村地區整體規劃 基本介紹1

! 何謂鄉村地區整體規劃？

改善鄉村地區居住、產業、運輸、公共設施等方面問題所辦理的空間規劃。

! 目的為何？

改善鄉村面臨問題，促進鄉村永續發展。

- 1 提升優質生活品質
- 2 營造友善生產環境
- 3 維護永續生態系統

V. Strengthening Climate Legislation and Climate Justice



Promulgated in March 2022

Announcing

Taiwan's 2050 Net-Zero
Emissions Pathway

Ensure equitable access to climate benefits

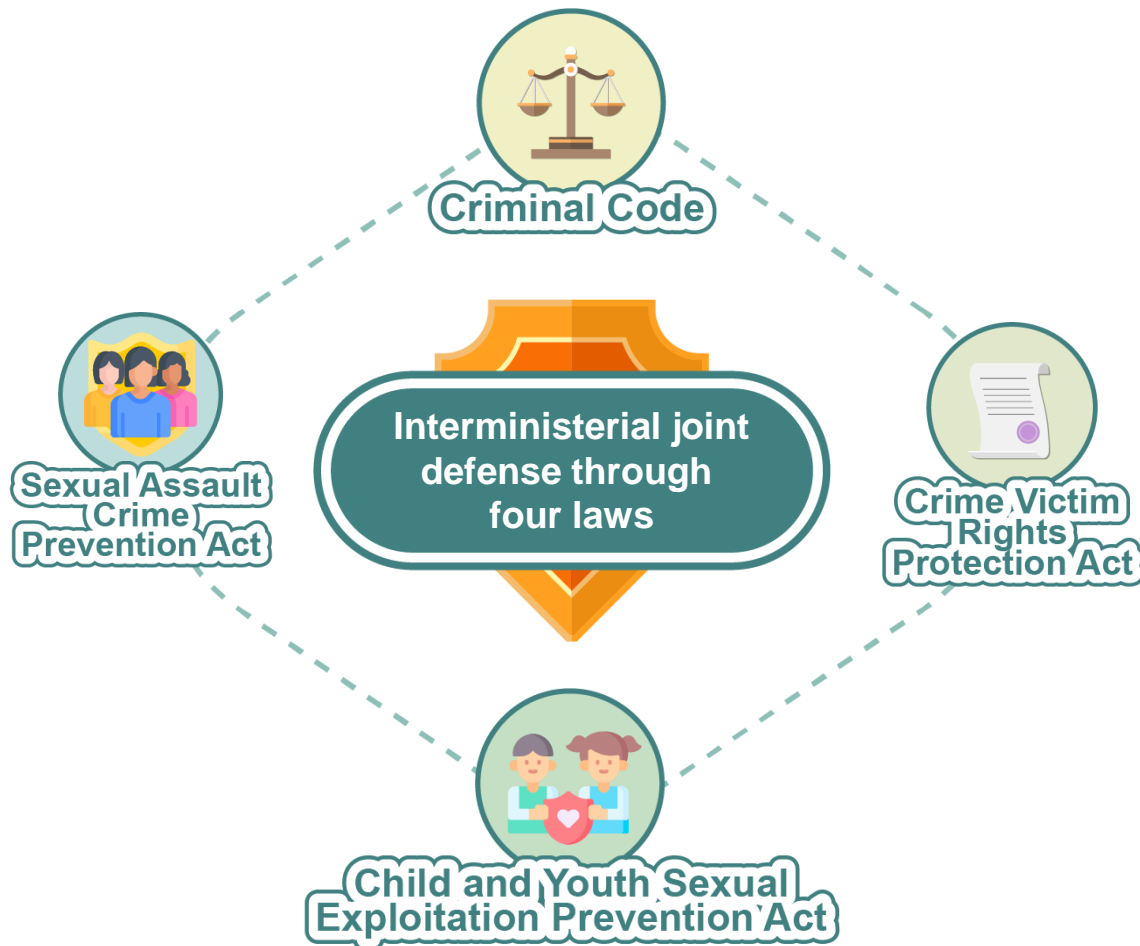
Amending

Climate Change Response Act

Taiwan's legal basis enhanced for climate policy

Intermediate Results

VI. Enhancing Digital Protection against Gender and Child-based Violence



Four laws

form a comprehensive framework
against sexual imagery crimes

**Additional child exploitation
behaviors and penalties added
(Aug 2024)**

**Sentencing raised
for possession of child sexual imagery**

Recommendations for Future Policy

I. Integrate International Human Rights Norms into Domestic Law

Enacted law for implementation

- ICCPR | International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (2009)
- ICESER | International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (2009)
- CEDAW | Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (2011)
- CRC | Convention on the Rights of the Child (2014)
- CRC | Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (2014)

Has domestic legal force

- ICERD | International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (1971)



Not yet incorporated in domestic law

- ICPPED | International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance
- CAT | Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment
- ICMW | International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families
- ILO-C188 | Work in Fishing Convention

Recommendations for Future Policy

II. Defend the fundamental rights of vulnerable groups



Indigenous peoples

Strengthen indigenous peoples' rights to informed consent and participation



Persons with disabilities

Promote protection of the health rights for persons with disabilities



LGBTI

Explore legal reform of gender-change registration requirements



Children and youth

Advance reforms to the juvenile detention system



Refugees

Explore the feasibility of legalizing refugee asylum

Recommendations for Future Policy

III. Advance Traffic Safety Through People-Centered Urban Design



National Road Traffic Safety Master Plan (2024-2027)

**30% reduction
in deaths by 2030**



**Vision Zero:
eliminate all
traffic fatalities**

Cross-domain integration

Enhance road design

Improve pedestrian
environments

Implement
methods and plans

Implement
traffic law enforcement

Traffic safety
education for all

Recommendations for Future Policy

IV. Promote Dialogue on the Death Penalty to Uphold the Right to Life

Consider tiered sentencing mechanisms

Enhance public engagement on death penalty

Ensure rigorous due process

Compile diverse societal opinions



Enhance protections of the right to life

Constitutional Court Judgment Hsien-Pan-8 (2024)

Recommendations for Future Policy

V. Balance Industrial Growth with Labor Rights in the Net-Zero Era

Industrial development

Net-Zero laws will affect high-emission industries



Labor rights

Net-Zero Pathway will reshape economy and employment

Conclusion

